1. The Age of Sensibility is a description of  
A) the early Nineteenth century  
B) the Victorian age  
C) the late Eighteenth century  
D) the 1890's

2. Who wrote the following lines?  
Heard Melodies are sweet but those Unheard are sweeter.  
A) Keats  
B) Byron  
C) Wordsworth  
D) S. T. Coleridge

3. In which poem of Tennyson do you find this line: To strive, to seek, to find and not to yield?  
A) The Lotus Eaters  
B) Ulysses  
C) In Memorium  
D) Morte d' Arthur

4. The Scholar Gipsy by M. Arnold is a/an  
A) Narrative poem  
B) Pastoral elegy  
C) Ballad  
D) Ode.

5. The Poem ‘Blessed Damozel’ was written by  
A) D. G. Rossetti  
B) Holman Hunt  
C) Morris  
D) Swinburne.

6. Who is the poet that said, 'I woke one morning and found myself great'?  
A) John Keats  
B) P.B. Shelley  
C) Lord Byron  
D) Blake

7. Who is the Heroine in Pride and Prejudice?  
A) Mrs. Bennett  
B) Elizabeth Bennett  
C) Lucas  
D) None of them

8. Who is the writer of ‘A Thing of Beauty is joy for ever’?  
A) John Keats  
B) P.B. Shelley  
C) Wordsworth  
D) Shakespeare

9. In which of his odes Keats wonders about the sustenance of the imaginative vision; Do I wake or sleep?  
A) Ode to a Nightingale  
B) Ode to Autumn  
C) Both (A) and (B)  
D) None of these.

10. For truth is always strange; stranger than fiction;  
A) Byron  
B) Shelley  
C) Keats  
D) Wordsworth.

11. In which year Lyrical Ballads were published?  
A) 1789  
B) 1798  
C) 1800  
D) 1888

12. Wordsworth died in  
A) 1840  
B) 1850  
C) 1815  
D) 1860.

13. Language really used by Men should be the language of Poetry. Who is the proponent of these views?  
A) T. S. Eliot  
B) I. A. Richards  
C) Wordsworth  
D) Coleridge.

14. As a philosopher Coleridge was more interested in the Philosophy of  
A) England  
B) French  
C) German  
D) None of these.

15. The Mariner in ‘The Ancient Mariner’ kills  
A) An Albatross  
B) A Devil  
C) A Penguin  
D) A Sparrow.

16. The Movement of ‘Return to Nature’ has to do with  
A) The Neo-Classical Age  
B) The Romantic Age  
C) The Pre-Romantic period  
D) None of these.
17. The Pre-Romantics were influenced by the Middle Ages.
   A) Yes  B) No  C) May be  D) None of these.

18. Who is the writer of ‘God made the country and man made the town’?

19. The earlier English odes were written to eulogize a person or the art of music or poetry.
   A) Yes  B) No  C) Cannot be said  D) None of these.

20. Which of the following is the work of Chaucer?
   A) Pamela  B) Clarissa Harlow  C) Prologue to Canterbury Tales  D) Sir Charles Grandison.

21. Blake’s Songs of Innocence is about
   A) the joys of childhood in a natural & protected world  B) the pastoral world  C) duties of a child  D) both (A) and (B)

22. Dr. Johnson’s Dictionary came out in
   A) 1755  B) 1800  C) 1766  D) 1812.

23. The phrase ‘willing suspension of disbelief’ is associated with
   A) Coleridge  B) Keats  C) Byron  D) Matthew Arnold.

24. Can it be said that Dr. Johnson’s attitude in ‘The Lives of the English Poets’ is judicial in evaluating the poets?
   A) No  B) Yes  C) Cannot be ascertained  D) Prejudice.

25. ‘Hell is a city much like London’ - who wrote this?

26. The character Mrs. Malaprop was created by
   A) Richard Sheridan  B) Samuel Jonson  C) Witherly  D) None of them.

27. Who wrote Essay on Boswell’s Life of Johnson?
   A) Macaulay  B) Goldsmith  C) T. S. Elliot  D) None of them.

28. Malapropism is coined after a character in
   A) The Way of the World  B) The Rivals  C) She Stoops of Conquer  D) none of these.

29. The circulating libraries were popular during
   A) the Eighteenth century  B) the Seventeenth century  C) the Nineteenth century  D) the Sixteenth century.

30. Jane Austen’s subject matter for her novels is
   A) Human Nature  B) Frustration  C) Revenge  D) Social reform.

31. Who speaks the following words in The Tempest? ‘We are such stuff, As dreams are made on
   A) Miranda  B) Gonzalo  C) Prospero  D) Ariel.

32. Who is called the poet’s poet?
   A) Shakespeare  B) Milton  C) Johnson  D) Spenser.

33. Dryden is the supreme master of
   A) Poetry  B) Drama  C) Criticism  D) Satire.

34. Men fear death, as children fear to go in the Dark.
   A) Shakespeare  B) Addison  C) Steele  D) Bacon.

35. When did Milton die?
   A) 1668  B) 1674  C) 1679  D) 1681.
36. Shakespeare's sonnets are mostly addressed to
   A) The Duke of Edinburgh
   B) Queen Elizabeth
   C) The Earl of South Ampton
   D) Ben Jonson.

37. Where does the action of Shakespeare's Measure for Measure take place?
   A) Venice  B) Vienna
   C) Verona  D) Messina

38. There is no art to find that Mind's construction in the face. These words are full of
   A) Humor  B) Sarcasm
   C) Irony  D) Dramatic Irony.

39. Duncan is a guest of Macbeth at
   A) Inverness castle  B) Duninbair
   C) Dunsinane  D) Edinburgh Castle.

40. Mimi is
   A) daughter of Lear  B) daughter of Polonius
   C) daughter of Prospero  D) a Goddess.

41. What was the first novel of R. K. Narayan?
   A) The Bachelor of Arts  B) The Dark Room
   C) Swami and Friends  D) Mr. Sampath

42. Who wrote 'The Spanish Tragedy'?
   A) Marlowe  B) John Lyly
   C) George Peele  D) Thomas Kyd.

43. Marlowe's first play was
   A) Doctor Faustus  B) Edward the Second
   C) Tamburlaine  D) The Jew of Malta.

44. Shakespeare wrote
   A) 37 plays  B) 40 plays
   C) 36 plays  D) 35 plays.

45. The tragic flaw in Macbeth is
   A) Jealousy  B) Ambition
   C) Influence of Lady Macbeth  D) Rashness.

46. Who wrote the Novel 'Nectar in Sieve'?
   A) R. K. Narayan  B) Raja Rao
   C) Anita Desai  D) Kamala Markandeya.

47. Who called Chaucer 'The Father of English Poetry'?
   A) Sidney  B) Spenser
   C) Arnold  D) Johnson.

48. Not that I loved Caesar less but that I loved Rome more - These are the words of
   A) Antony in Julius Caesar
   B) Brutus in Julius Caesar
   C) Antony in Antony and Cleopatra
   D) Cassius in Julius Caesar.

49. Lucidas is an elegy on
   A) Milton's friend Diodati  B) Milton's son
   C) Milton's second wife  D) Edward King.

50. Browning's celebrated poems are written in the form of
   A) Ode  B) Sonnet
   C) Dramatic Monologue  D) Lyric.

51. Who was the first Poet Laureate in England?
   A) Wordsworth  B) Alexander Pope
   C) Dryden  D) Ben Jonson.

52. The first English critic to base his literary criticism on philosophical principle was
   A) Coleridge  B) Dr. Johnson
   C) Matthew Arnold  D) Sir Philip Sidney.

53. The term objective correlative was introduced by T. S. Eliot in his
   A) Hamlet and His Problems
   B) Tradition and Individual Talent
   C) The Metaphysical Poets
   D) Milton.

54. Who is the heroine of R. K. Narayan's The Guide?
   A) Susila  B) Malathi
   C) Savithri  D) Rosie.
55. Walt Whitman was the national poet of
A) Scotland B) America
C) France D) England

56. Who is the founder of the modern
school of Indo-Anglican poetry?
A) Derozio B) Toru Dutt
C) Aurobindo D) Sarojini Naidu.

57. If winter comes, can spring be far
behind. This line reveals Shelley's
A) Pessimism B) Optimism
C) Revolutionary fervor D) All these.

58. Sans teeth, sans eyes, sans taste, sans
everything. These words are spoken by
A) Duke Senior B) Orlando
C) Rosalind D) Jaques.

59. Shakespeare's Measure for Measure is
A) a problem play B) a romantic comedy
C) a play of revenge D) one of the last plays.

60. Some are born great; some achieve
greatness, and some have greatness thrust
upon them. These lines occur in
A) Twelfth Night B) The Merchant of Venice
C) The Tempest D) As You Like it.

61. In Tamil Nadu, the Sainik School is
located in
A) Coimbatore B) Salem
C) Tiruchirapalli D) Kanyakumari.

62. The Sergeant Report of 1944 insisted
on the establishment of
A) Pre-Primary schools B) Primary schools
C) Vocational schools D) Public schools.

63. The University at Thanjavur offers
exclusive courses in
A) Computers B) Tamil literature
C) Oriental language D) All subjects.

64. Psychroscope is used to measure
A) Span of Attention B) Span of Learning
C) Span of Forgetting D) Span of Teaching.

65. Pavlov propounded the theory of
A) Classical conditioning B) Operant conditioning
C) General conditioning D) None of these.

66. DTEERT is expanded as
A) Directorate of Teaching, Education,
Research and Training
B) Directorate of Teacher Education,
Research and Training
C) Distance Teaching, Education, Research
and Training
D) Distance Teacher Education and Re-
Teaching.

67. The theory on 'Hierarchy of Needs' was
propounded by
A) Abraham Maslow B) Jean Piaget
C) Bertrand Russell D) McLEland.

68. Formula to calculate intelligence
Quotient is
A) IQ = MA / CA \times 100 B) IQ = MA / CA \times 100 ± 5
C) IQ = CA / MA \times 100 ± 5 D) IQ = CA / MA \times 100 ± 5

69. Frederick J. McDonald established
A) Sainik Schools B) Community Schools
C) Mobile Schools D) Public Schools.

70. The Floating University (S. S. Universe)
visited the Madras Harbour in the year

71. The New Educational Policy of 1986
was implemented by
A) Indira Gandhi B) Jawaharlal Nehru
C) Mahatma Gandhi D) None of them.

72. "India's destiny is shaped in her
classrooms" was the initial statement
found in the report of the
A) Kothari Education Commission
B) Indian Education Commission
C) Sampoorananda Committee
D) Malcom Adisheshyay's Committee.
74. Navodaya Schools are managed by
   A) the State Governments
   X) the Central Government
   C) Private Authorities
   D) both Central and State Governments.

75. The present system of education is
   A) child centered  B) subject centered
   C) teacher centered  D) all of these.

76. In the word ‘Personality’ Persona means
   A) the physical features of the actor
   B) the actor
   C) the mask worn by the actor
   D) the dress worn by the actor.

77. The child’s first teacher is
   A) the pre-primary Teacher
   B) the Primary Teacher
   C) the Parent  D) the Society.

78. The book titled “Education For a Better Social order” was written by
   A) Rousseau  B) Russell
   C) Maslow  D) Aurobindo.

79. “Education should be aimed at the grass root level of any nation.” - This slogan was stressed by
   A) Nehru  B) Abul Kalam Azad
   C) Gandhi  D) Montessori.

80. Diversified curriculum at the Higher Secondary level was implemented in the year
   A) 1947  B) 1951  C) 1968  D) 1978.

81. Adonais is an elegy on
   A) Arthur Hallam  B) Keats
   C) Byron  D) Shakespeare.

82. In which ode does Keats refer to Ruth?
   A) Ode to Autumn  B) Ode to a Nightingale
   C) Ode on a Grecian Urn  D) Ode to Psyche.

83. Who is known as the Prince of Essayists?
   A) Bacon  B) Hazlitt  C) Steele  D) Lamb.

84. Arnold’s poetry is characterised by
   A) a sense of epicurean pessimism
   B) a note of victorian compromise
   C) a brooding paralysis of action
   D) all these.

85. How many novels were written by Jane Austen?
   A) Six  B) Four  C) Five  D) Two.

86. Pope was a master of
   A) Blank Verse  B) Heroic Couplet
   C) Pastoral  D) Limericks.

87. The most representative poet of the Victorian age is
   A) Browning  B) Tennyson
   C) Arnold  D) Hardy.

88. Tennyson believed in
   A) Socialism  B) The Darwinian Theory
   C) Tradition  D) Democracy.

89. Dickens’ chief autobiographical novel is
   A) Oliver Twist  B) Hard Times
   C) David Copperfield  D) Dombey and Son.

90. Who called Coleridge ‘an archangel slightly damaged’?
   A) Hazlitt  B) Lamb
   C) Southey  D) Wordsworth.

91. The theme of Paradise Lost is
   A) Satan’s Revolt  B) Love of Adam & Eve
   C) Man’s disobedience, & fall  D) Women’s guiles.

92. Which is the metre used in Paradise Lost?
   A) Alexandrine  B) Hexameter
   C) Pentameter of Blank Verse  D) None of these.

93. Who first used the term ‘metaphysical’?
   A) Johnson  B) Dryden
   C) Addison  D) None of them.
94. The main subject of Donne's Poetry is
   A) Patriotism  B) Pastoral life
   C) Allegory  D) Passionate love and Meditation.

95. Who wrote the following line?
   A little learning is a dangerous thing.
   A) Dr. Johnson  B) Pope
   C) Shakespeare  D) Byron.

96. Who was the first president of the Republic India?
   A) Dr. Rajendra Prasad  B) Dr. Rajgopalachari
   C) Dr. Radhakrishnan  D) V. V. Giri.

97. What is a light year?
   A) A kind of year  B) A measure of time
   C) A measure of distance  D) The distance travelled by light in a year.

98. "Kalingathu Parani" was written by
   A) Kambar  B) Jayankondar
   C) Sekkilar  D) Avvaiyar.

99. Raja Raja Chola built
   A) Gangaikonda Cholapuram
   B) Brihadeeswara Temple
   C) Meenakshi Temple
   D) Mehabali Puram Shore Temple.

100. Marathon Race is
    A) 25 miles and 385 yards
    B) 21 miles and 385 yards
    C) 32 miles and 385 yards
    D) 19 miles and 385 yards.